SYNDICAT EUROPEAEN TRADE UNION

DIRECTIVE ON ADEQUATE MINIMUM WAGES IN THE EU

Overview and Recent Developments

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DIRECTIVE ON ADEQUATE MINIMUM WAGES IN THE EU

- Context
- Timeline
- Priority Areas
- Ongoing and upcoming activities



DIRECTIVE ON ADEQUATE MINIMUM WAGES IN THE EU BACKGROUND CONTEXT

- "Within the first 100 days of my mandate, I will propose a legal instrument to ensure that every worker in our Union has a fair minimum wage. This should allow for a decent living wherever they work. Minimum wages should be set according to national traditions, through collective agreements or legal provisions". (Ursula von der Leyen, July 2019)
- Two-Stage Consultation with the European Social Partners (January and June 2020)
- Commission Proposal, October 2020
- ETUC Demands (Adequacy, Deductions, Collective Bargaining, Public Procurement, Safeguards)
- Directive Adopted in October 2022



DIRECTIVE ON ADEQUATE MINIMUM WAGES IN THE EU TIMELINE

- Directive Adopted: October 19 October 2022, entered into force 14 November 2022
- Transposition Deadline: 15 November 2024 2 years from entering into force
- Reporting: First Report to be delivered by 1 October 2025, then every 2 years.



DIRECTIVE ON ADEQUATE MINIMUM WAGES IN THE EU PRIORITY AREAS

Main Objectives:

- Adequacy of statutory minimum wages
- Promoting collective bargaining on wage-setting
- Enhancing effective access of workers to minimum wage protection



PRIORITY AREAS ADEQUACY OF STATUTORY MINIMUM WAGES (ARTICLE 5)

Issue: Ensuring a worker-centred perspective to statutory minimum wage level

Member States to set criteria for setting and updating statutory minimum wages with the aim of

- achieving a decent standard of living
- reducing in-work poverty
- promoting social cohesion and upward social convergence
- · reducing the gender pay gap.

Member States may decide on the relative weight of those criteria

Reference Values:

Threshold of Decency
- 60% Gross Median Wage
- 50% Gross Average

Adequacy - fairness and decent standard of living

The national criteria referred to in shall include at least the following elements:

- a) the purchasing power of statutory minimum wages, taking into account the cost of living;
- b) the general level of wages and their distribution;
- c) the growth rate of wages;
- d) long-term national **productivity** levels and developments.
- Obligation to establish or designate a consultative body social partners involved
- Updated every 2 years minimum (unless automatic indexation then every 4 years)

Article 2 – Definition of Worker

Workers as defined at national level, taking into account case law at European level, that characterises an employment relationship in terms of:

- a) Provision of labour
- b) Remuneration
- c) Subordination

Article 3 Definitions

- (3) 'collective bargaining' means all negotiations which take place according to national law and practice in each Member State between an employer, a group of employers or one or more employers' organisations on the one hand, and <u>one or more trade unions</u> on the other, for determining working conditions and terms of employment;
- (5) 'collective bargaining coverage' means the share of workers at national level to whom a collective agreement applies, calculated as the ratio of the number of workers covered by collective agreements to the number of workers whose working conditions may be regulated by collective agreements in accordance with national law and practice.



Collective bargaining coverage

Only collective agreements concluded by trade unions should be taken into consideration.....

BUT!!

Reality of data constraints — lack of differentiation of agreements signed by trade unions and other "workers organisations"

Clear obligation to differentiate. Data collection should be improved. EC to review on case-by-case basis.... (how?)



Article 4

Obligation to take measures to:

- Promote capacity building
- Protect the right to collective bargaining, protect workers and trade union representatives who participate in collective bargaining on wage-setting <u>or wish</u> <u>to participate</u>
- Protect trade unions from interference (recital 16 explicitly mentions union busting as contributing to weakening of collective bargaining)
- Establish an Action Plan to Promote Collective Bargaining if CB coverage is less than 80% (see article 4(2)) Action plan requires consulting with social partners, agreement with the social partners, or, following a joint request by the social partners, as agreed between the social partners.



Article 9

Issue: Supporting the use of public procurement to support and promote collective bargaining – within current framework

Positive: Highlighting possibilities (positive clarification)

- Excluding companies who breach workers' rights
- Having coverage of a collective agreements as an award criterion
- Respect of collective agreements in performance conditions
- Termination in case of non-payment of wages



DIRECTIVE ON ADEQUATE MINIMUM WAGES IN THE EU FUTURE ACTIVITIES

Continuation of the Expert Group

– supporting transposition and beyond?

Monitoring of the Implementation of the Directive

– Role for the European Semester? Another body?

ETUC Action Plan

Supporting Background Notes

ETUC Project to support transposition – TU Access, Defining Adequacy



Thank You!

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European Trade Union Confederation Confédération européenne des syndicats